

### GS1578A HD-LINX® II Multi-Rate Dual Slew-Rate Cable Driver

GS1578A Data Sheet

#### **Features**

- SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M compliant
- Dual coaxial cable driving outputs with selectable slew rate
- 50Ω differential PECL input
- Pb-free and RoHS compliant
- Seamless interface to other HD-LINX® II family products
- Single 3.3V power supply operation
- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 70°C

#### **Applications**

 SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M Coaxial Cable Serial Digital Interfaces.

#### **Description**

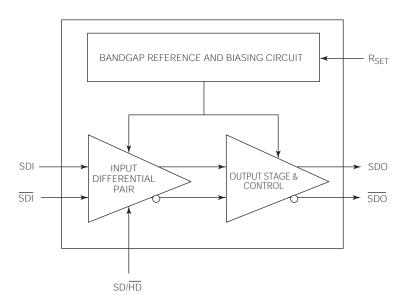
The GS1578A is a second generation high-speed BiCMOS integrated circuit designed to drive one or two  $75\Omega$  co-axial cables.

The GS1578A may drive data rates up to 1.485Gb/s and provides two selectable slew rates in order to achieve compliance to SMPTE 259M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 292M.

The GS1578A accepts a LVPECL level differential input that may be AC coupled. External biasing resistors at the inputs are not required.

Power consumption is typically 168mW using a 3.3V power supply. The GS1578A is Pb-free, and the encapsulation compound does not contain halogenated flame retardant.

This component and all homogeneous subcomponents are RoHS compliant.



**Functional Block Diagram** 

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 1 of 15

## **Contents**

Features	1
Applications	1
Description	1
1. Pin Out	3
1.1 Pin Assignment	3
1.2 Pin Descriptions	3
2. Electrical Characteristics	4
2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	4
2.2 Solder Reflow Profiles	4
2.3 DC Electrical Characteristics	5
2.4 AC Electrical Characteristics	6
3. Input / Output Circuits	7
4. Detailed Description	8
4.1 Input Interfacing	8
4.2 Output Interfacing	8
4.3 Output Return Loss Measurement	11
4.4 Output Amplitude (RSET)	11
5. Application Information	12
5.1 PCB Layout	12
5.2 Typical Application Circuit	12
6. Package & Ordering Information	13
6.1 Package Dimensions	13
6.2 Recommended PCB Footprint	14
6.3 Packaging Data	14
6.4 Ordering Information	14
7 Revision History	15

GS1578A Data Sheet

## 1. Pin Out

## 1.1 Pin Assignment

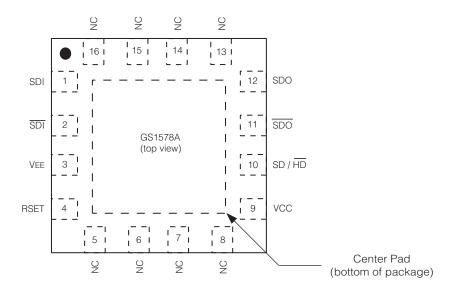


Figure 1-1: 16-Pin QFN

## 1.2 Pin Descriptions

**Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions** 

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
1,2	SDI, <del>SDI</del>	Analog	Input	Serial digital differential input.
3	$V_{EE}$	-	Power	Most negative power supply connection. Connect to GND.
4	R <sub>SET</sub>	Analog	Input	External output amplitude control resistor.
5,6,7,8,13,14, 15,16	NC	-	-	No Connect. Not bonded internally.
9	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Power	Most positive power supply connection. Connect to +3.3V.
10	SD/HD	Non Synchronous	Input	Output slew rate control. When set HIGH, the output will meet SMPTE 259M rise/fall time specifications. When set LOW, the serial outputs will meet SMPTE 292M rise/fall time specifications.
11,12	SDO, SDO	Analog	Output	Serial digital differential output.
-	Center Pad	-	Power	Connect to most negative power supply plane following the recommendations in Recommended PCB Footprint on page 14.

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 3 of 15

### 2. Electrical Characteristics

## 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value
Supply Voltage	-0.5V to 3.6 V <sub>DC</sub>
Input ESD Voltage	2kV
Storage Temperature Range	-50°C < T <sub>s</sub> < 125°C
Input Voltage Range (any input)	-0.3 to (V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3)V
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to 70°C
Solder Reflow Temperature	260°C

### 2.2 Solder Reflow Profiles

The device is manufactured with Matte-Sn terminations and is compatible with both standard eutectic and Pb-free solder reflow profiles. MSL qualification was performed using the maximum Pb-free reflow profile shown in Figure 2-1. The recommended standard Pb reflow profile is shown in Figure 2-2.

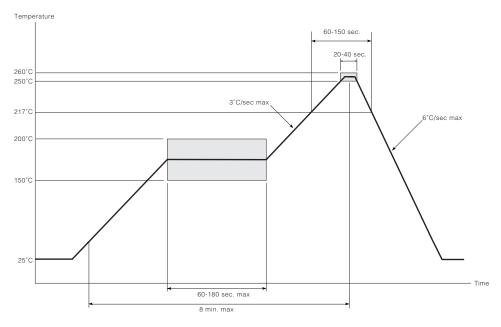


Figure 2-1: Maximum Pb-free Solder Reflow Profile (Preferred)

GENNUM 33657 - 4 March 2006 4 of 15

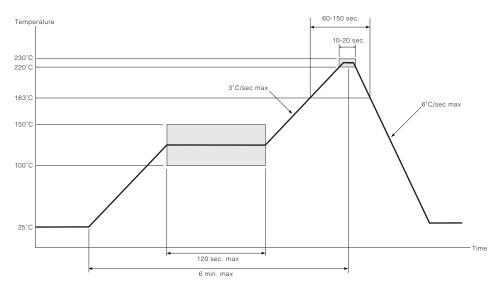


Figure 2-2: Standard Pb Reflow Profile (Pb-free package)

### 2.3 DC Electrical Characteristics

### Table 2-1: DC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 0°C to 70°C, unless otherwise shown

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Units
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Power Consumption	$P_{D}$	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	_	168	_	mW
Supply Current	Is	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	_	51	64	mA
Output Voltage	V <sub>CMOUT</sub>	Common mode	_	V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	_	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>CMIN</sub>	Common mode	1.6 + ΔV <sub>SDI</sub> /2	_	V <sub>CC</sub> - ΔV <sub>SDI</sub> /2	V
SD/HD Input	V <sub>IH</sub>	_	2.4	_	_	V
	V <sub>IL</sub>	_	_	_	0.8	V

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 5 of 15

### 2.4 AC Electrical Characteristics

**Table 2-2: AC Electrical Characteristics** 

 $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 0°C to 70°C, unless otherwise shown

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Serial input data rate	DR <sub>SDO</sub>	_	-	_	1.485	Gb/s	1
Additive jitter	_	1.485Gb/s	-	22	_	ps <sub>p-p</sub>	-
	_	270Mb/s	-	20	-	ps <sub>p-p</sub>	-
Rise/Fall time	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	SD/HD=0	-	_	220	ps	2
	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	SD/HD=1	400	-	800	ps	2
Mismatch in rise/fall time	$\triangle t_r$ , $\triangle t_f$	-	-	-	30	ps	-
Duty cycle distortion	-	SD/HD=0	-	-	30	ps	_
	_	SD/HD=1	-	_	100	ps	_
Overshoot	_	SD/HD=0	-	_	10	%	_
	_	SD/HD=1	-	_	8	%	_
Output Return Loss	ORL	-	15	_	_	dB	_
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Single Ended into 75Ω external load	750	800	850	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	-
		$R_{SET}$ = 750 $\Omega$					
Input Voltage Swing	$\triangle V_{SDI}$	Differential	300	-	2000	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	-

#### NOTES:

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 6 of 15

<sup>1.</sup> The input coupling capacitor must be set accordingly for lower data rates.

<sup>2.</sup> Rise/Fall time measured between 20% and 80%.

GENNUM GS1578A Data Sheet

# 3. Input / Output Circuits

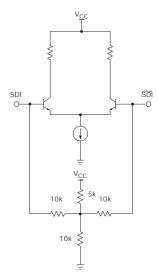


Figure 3-1: Differential Input Stage (SDI/SDI)

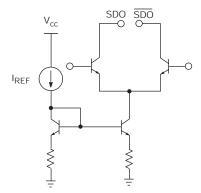


Figure 3-2: Differential Output Stage (SDO/SDO)

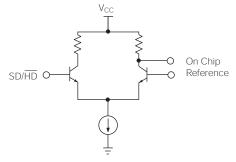


Figure 3-3: Slew Rate Select Input Stage

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 7 of 15

## 4. Detailed Description

### 4.1 Input Interfacing

SDI/SDI are high impedance differential inputs. The equivalent input circuit is shown in Figure 3-1.

Several conditions must be observed when interfacing to these inputs:

- The differential input signal amplitude must be between 300 and 2000mVpp.
- The common mode voltage range must be as specified in the DC Electrical Characteristics on page 5.
- For input trace lengths longer than approximately 1cm, the inputs should be terminated as shown in the Typical Application Circuit.

The GS1578A inputs are self-biased, allowing for simple AC coupling to the device. For serial digital video, a minimum capacitor value of 4.7µF should be used to allow coupling of pathological test signals. A tantalum capacitor is recommended.

#### SD/HD Input Pin

The GS1578A SDO rise and fall times can be set to comply with both SMPTE 259M/344M and SMPTE 292M. For all SMPTE 259M standards, or any data rate that requires longer rise and fall time characteristics, the SD/HD pin must be set HIGH by the application layer. For SMPTE 292M standards and signals which require faster rise and fall times, this pin should be set LOW.

### 4.2 Output Interfacing

The GS1578A outputs are current mode, and will drive 800mV into a 75 $\Omega$  load. These outputs are protected from accidental static damage with internal static protection diodes.

The SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M standards require that the output of a cable driver have a source impedance of  $75\Omega$  and a return loss of at least 15dB between 5MHz and 1.485GHz.

In order for an SDI output circuit using the GS1578A to meet this specification, the output application circuit shown in Typical Application Circuit on page 12 is recommended.

The value of  $L_{COMP}$  will vary depending on the PCB layout, with a typical value of 5.6nH. A 4.7 $\mu$ F capacitor is used for AC coupling the output of the device. This value is chosen to ensure that pathological signals can be coupled without a significant DC component occurring. Please see Application Information on page 12 for more details.

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 8 of 15

GENNUM GS1578A Data Sheet

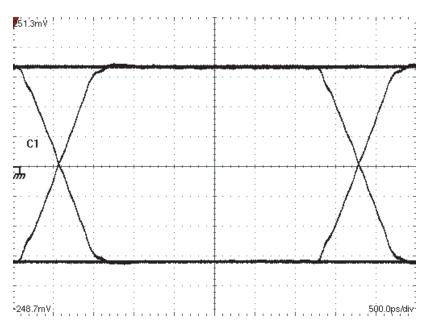


Figure 4-1: Output signal for 270Mb/s input

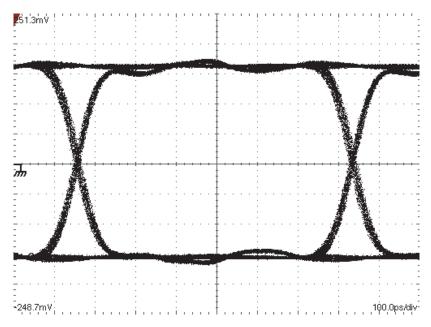


Figure 4-2: Output signal for 1.485Gb/s input

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 9 of 15

The output protection diodes act as a varactor (voltage controlled capacitor) as shown in Figure 4-3. Therefore, when measuring return loss at the GS1578A output, it is necessary to take the measurement for both a logic high and a logic low output condition.

Consequently, the output capacitance of the device is dependent on the logic state of the output.

#### GS1578A

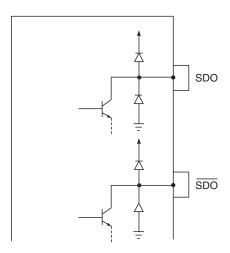


Figure 4-3: Static Protection Diodes

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 10 of 15

### 4.3 Output Return Loss Measurement

To perform a practical return loss measurement, it is necessary to force the GS1578A output to a DC high or low condition. The actual measured return loss will be based on the outputs being static at  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{CC}$ -1.6V. Under normal operating conditions the outputs of the device swing between  $V_{CC}$ -0.4V and  $V_{CC}$ -1.2V, so the measured value of return loss will not represent the actual operating return loss.

A simple method of calculating the values of actual operating return loss is to interpolate the two return loss measurements. In this way, the values of return loss are estimated at  $V_{CC}$ -0.4V and  $V_{CC}$ -1.2V based on the measurements at  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CC}$ -1.6V.

The two values of return loss (high and low) will typically differ by several decibels. If the measured return loss is  $R_H$  for logic high and  $R_L$  for logic low, then the two values can be interpolated as follows:

$$R_{IH} = R_{H^-} (R_{H^-} - R_{I^-})/4$$
 and

$$R_{IL} = R_L + (R_H - R_L)/4$$

where  $R_{IH}$  is the interpolated logic high value and  $R_{IL}$  is the interpolated logic low value.

For example, if  $R_H$  = -18dB and  $R_L$  = -14dB, then the interpolated values are  $R_{IH}$  = -17dB and  $R_{IL}$  = -15dB.

### 4.4 Output Amplitude (RSET)

The output amplitude of the GS1578A is set to  $800\text{mV}_{\text{p-p}}$  with a tolerance of  $\pm 7\%$  using an RSET resistor of  $750\Omega$ . A  $\pm 1\%$  SMT resistor should be used.

The  $R_{SET}$  resistor is part of the high speed output circuit of the GS1578A. The resistor should be placed as close as possible to the  $R_{SET}$  pin. In addition, the PCB capacitance should be minimized at this node by removing the PCB groundplane beneath the  $R_{SET}$  resistor and the  $R_{SET}$  pin.

NOTE: Only an  $R_{SET}$  value of 750  $\!\Omega$  ±1% should be used. Using other values for  $R_{SET}$  is not recommended.

**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 11 of 15

# 5. Application Information

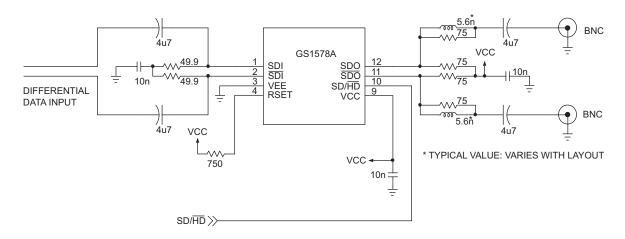
### 5.1 PCB Layout

Special attention must be paid to component layout when designing serial digital interfaces for HDTV.

An FR-4 dielectric can be used, however, controlled impedance transmission lines are required for PCB traces longer than approximately 1cm. Note the following PCB artwork features used to optimize performance:

- The PCB trace width for HD rate signals is closely matched to SMT component width to minimize reflections due to changes in trace impedance.
- The PCB groundplane is removed under the GS1578A output components to minimize parasitic capacitance.
- The PCB ground plane is removed under the GS1578A R<sub>SET</sub> pin and resistor to minimize parasitic capacitance.
- Input and output BNC connectors are surface mounted in-line to eliminate a transmission line stub caused by a BNC mounting via high speed traces which are curved to minimize impedance variations due to change of PCB trace width.

### **5.2 Typical Application Circuit**



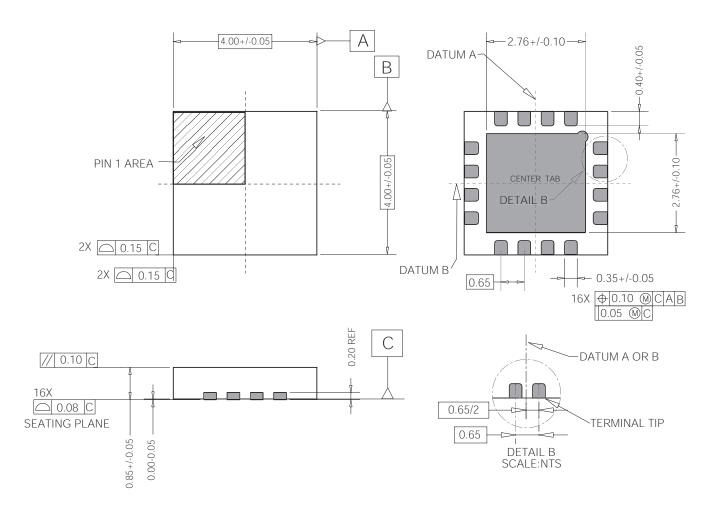
NOTE: All resistors in Ohms, capacitors in Farads, and inductors in Henrys, unless otherwise noted.

Figure 5-1: Typical Application Circuit

GENNUM 33657 - 4 March 2006 12 of 15

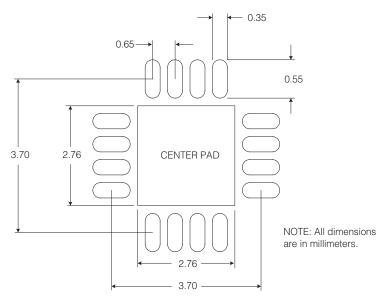
# 6. Package & Ordering Information

## **6.1 Package Dimensions**



**GENNUM** 33657 - 4 March 2006 13 of 15

### **6.2 Recommended PCB Footprint**



The Center Pad should be connected to the most negative power supply plane (VEE) by a minimum of 5 vias.

NOTE: Suggested dimensions only. Final dimensions should conform to customer design rules and process optimizations.

## **6.3 Packaging Data**

Parameter	Value
Package Type	4mm x 4mm 16-pin QFN
Package Drawing Reference	JEDEC M0220
Moisture Sensitivity Level	3
Junction to Case Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{j\text{-}c}$	31.0°C/W
Junction to Air Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{j\text{-a}}$ (at zero airflow)	43.8°C/W
Psi	11.0°C/W
Pb-free and RoHS compliant	Yes

### **6.4 Ordering Information**

	Part Number	Package	Temperature Range
GS1578A	GS1578ACNE3	16-pin QFN	0°C to 70°C

GENNUM 33657 - 4 March 2006 14 of 15

## 7. Revision History

Version	ECR	PCN	Date	Changes and/or Modifications
А	135502	_	February 2005	New document.
0	136045	_	February 2005	Convert to Preliminary Data Sheet.
1	137132	-	June 2005	Converted to Data Sheet. Changed title of Figure 2-2 to clarify that it is the Pb reflow profile. Updated SD additive jitter number in the AC electrical characteristics table to be typically 20ps <sub>p-p</sub> . Updated dimensions on center pad of the PCB footprint in Section 6.2 to match the dimensions of the center pad of the device. Corrected part number in ordering information. Rephrased the RoHS Compliant statement.
2	137885	-	September 2005	Corrected process to BiCMOS. Updated eye diagrams in Section 4.2.
3	139113	38124	January 2006	Corrected Input Differential Swing to 2200mV.
4	139637	38695	March 2006	Corrected pad standoff height and tolerances for pad width & package dimension. Corrected pad shape.

#### CAUTION

ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICES
DO NOT OPEN PACKAGES OR HANDLE
EXCEPT AT A STATIC-FREE WORKSTATION



#### DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION

#### **DATA SHEET**

The product is in production. Gennum reserves the right to make changes to the product at any time without notice to improve reliability, function or design, in order to provide the best product possible.

#### **GENNUM CORPORATION**

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 489, Stn. A, Burlington, Ontario, Canada L7R 3Y3 Shipping Address: 970 Fraser Drive, Burlington, Ontario, Canada L7L 5P5 Tel. +1 (905) 632-2996 Fax. +1 (905) 632-5946

#### **GENNUM JAPAN CORPORATION**

Shinjuku Green Tower Building 27F, 6-14-1, Nishi Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, 160-0023 Japan Tel. +81 (03) 3349-5501, Fax. +81 (03) 3349-5505

#### **GENNUM UK LIMITED**

25 Long Garden Walk, Farnham, Surrey, England GU9 7HX Tel. +44 (0)1252 747 000 Fax +44 (0)1252 726 523

Gennum Corporation assumes no liability for any errors or omissions in this document, or for the use of the circuits or devices described herein. The sale of the circuit or device described herein does not imply any patent license, and Gennum makes no representation that the circuit or device is free from patent infringement.

GENNUM and the G logo are registered trademarks of Gennum Corporation.

© Copyright 2005 Gennum Corporation. All rights reserved. Printed in Canada. www.gennum.com

33657 - 4 March 2006